Historically in business travel, card payments take two main forms. Companies and their travelers pay with corporate credit cards or business travel account cards (also known as “lodge”, “BTA” and “ghost” cards).

Companies supply corporate cards to employees. They cover work-related purchases, and travelers process their expenses each month.

Lodge cards cover central travel spend, from airline fares and hotel bills to car rental. Travel Management Companies (TMCs) and online booking tools store (or “lodge”) the card’s account number for use during a trip’s booking stage. After making the payment, they send all booking data and client-defined references (for instance, a specific cost center) to the card provider for reconciliation and reporting purposes.

For hotel bookings, direct bills represent another option. In this scenario, a company receives an invoice from a hotel. Their accounts payable team then processes this using a lodge card or bank account transfer.

Why can corporate card programs be problematic?

Traditional methods pose different issues:

**Availability:** Businesses don’t issue corporate cards to everybody. Many employees—such as contractors, temporary staff, irregular travelers and new starters—face a lack of payment options.

**Security:** Corporate and lodge cards have high credit limits. They offer long validity dates, and cover multiple purchases. Lack of control over their use can lead to fraudulent activity.

**Reporting:** Paying for hotels the “old” way wastes extra time and money. Why? Because companies depend on lengthy, manual administration to reconcile the data.

**Transparency:** Paying hotels with lodge cards only offers limited amounts of information such as dates and costs. This makes it tricky to get a detailed picture of what has been spent.

As companies seek ways to boost their efficiency, technology plays an increasing role. Payment methods are no exception.

This report explores the phenomenon of virtual payments in corporate travel, and arms you with useful information including:

- Definitions of virtual card numbers
- What they offer for companies, travelers and suppliers
- An oil and gas leader’s virtual payment success story

Think virtual payment might be for you? We can shine some light on your travel program, too. Our teams are ready to guide you in the right direction.
A better way to pay

Virtual payment skips these pitfalls and allows businesses to pay for their travel centrally. At Carlson Wagonlit Travel (CWT), we connect to a company’s card issuer during the booking process—and generate cards on their virtual account.

First things first: virtual payments require no physical plastic. Instead, CWT sends hotels/low cost carriers a unique, 16-digit virtual card number (VCN), three-digit security number and expiry date.

Each VCN comes with predefined usage parameters. Through Conferma, we set it with an exact (or maximum) amount, design it for a specific payee and create it for a precise time frame.

Suppliers accept VCNs like any other credit card, and process them as “cardholder not present” transactions. They aren’t limited to specific currencies, either. They can be used almost anywhere.

Using VCNs to pay suppliers

A travel counselor makes a booking and sends this data (and client references) to Conferma.

...which in turn passes it back to the travel counselor to complete the booking.

Conferma connects with (and send these details to) the company’s bank.

The bank generates a VCN and passes it back to Conferma...

Paying for low cost carrier (LCC) flights

Easy! The travel counselor enters the VCN into the payment screen to complete the booking.

Paying for hotels

After confirming the reservation, the travel counselor includes the VCN in the booking details. Hotels then charge the room (plus any other agreed expenses) to the card in question.

In both instances, VCNs reduce the amount of time spent handling and processing payments.
Breaking the mold

Virtual payments reduce the risk and inefficiency of traditional cards. Companies and their travelers experience several benefits:

1. **Anyone can use them**

   VCNs solve a payment challenge for those without corporate cards. They’re available to anyone, and offer a solution for infrequent travelers.

2. **They’re more secure**

   Virtual payment is safer and more secure. There’s no physical card to be lost, cloned or stolen; and the fact they’re limited to a single purpose keeps fraud at bay.

3. **Easy reconciliation**

   VCNs capture unique booking identifiers. This makes it easy to correlate booking and payment data.

4. **Better spending visibility**

   Virtual cards limit unauthorized expenses and encourage compliance. CWT instructs hotels what to charge to the VCN, according to a company’s policies.

5. **Smother hotel stays**

   For travelers, not having to carry a card brings peace of mind when it’s time to pay. Virtual cards offer a touchless service, and fewer post-trip headaches. Even better—Conferma’s reporting and reconciliation tool “SNAP” (“Smart New Accounts Payable”) slashes the hours spent reconciling payments.

VCNs and hotels: What to keep in mind

Virtual card acceptance continues to rise – but hotels may still have the odd hiccup. Front-desk staff may be unused to virtual payment, or misplace the details.

Traditionally, hotels expect guests to pay on site. Properties unfamiliar with VCNs may still expect a physical card at check-in (only using the virtual card details as a last resort i.e. the guest doesn’t arrive).

### DID YOU KNOW?

Only faxes – and not standard emails – can guarantee PCI-compliant data transmission. To sidestep this, hotels can register for “Conferma Connect”. This automated system ensures secure transmission of VCN details, including via email.

CWT avoids this issue by sending properties a fax outlining guest details (including VCN/arrival dates/total cost). This removes confusion and reminds them to use the VCN to pay for the room, plus any incidentals like breakfast.

Hotel guests can also download Conferma’s free app—TripPay. This displays an image of the virtual card (both front and back) via smartphone. Users simply show it to the front desk to streamline their check-in experience.

### DID YOU KNOW?

We’ve primed most hotels in our hotel program (over 56,000 properties) for virtual payment transactions.

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Should my company use virtual payment?

Do any of these challenges seem familiar? Virtual payment could be the answer.

With its myriad of benefits, the growth of virtual cards isn’t a surprise. They work in different currencies. They save companies time and money. They’re available to any traveler. And they boost security.

CWT’s Virtual Payment, powered by Conferma already benefits multiple businesses worldwide. Why not yours? We can supply you with insight and help assess where it fits into your travel program. For further questions or advice, get in touch with a CWT representative today. Our teams’ qualifying questions can determine where VCNs might work for you.

Setting up a virtual card account: Three things to remember

You’ve weighed the evidence and identified your payment needs. You’re interested in setting up virtual payment. What comes next?

1. Your company must open a virtual card account with its bank or card issuer. Check that this bank/card issuer connects to Conferma.

2. All major TMCs require an applicant to complete some form of on-boarding document. Our dedicated teams work with you to complete this.

3. Let hotel suppliers and travelers know that you’re adopting virtual payment. We offer notification letters for suppliers.
Market leader saves time and money, boosts security with virtual payments

An offshore drilling company was faced with a challenge. With remote sites across the globe, it relied on numerous hotels to accommodate its workers. An inefficient payment structure—coupled with regular changes to its crew roster—caused booking headaches. What happened?

**Safer payments**

**Problem:** Settling hotel invoices with lodge cards caused security issues. Accounts payable teams would fax staff an image of the company lodge card, exposing sensitive information. This led to several instances of fraud, and forced the company to change cards repeatedly.

**Solution:** Moving to single-use VCNs reduced the need to use direct bills.

**Result:** The company lowered its exposure to card fraud and actively stopped a scam when thieves attempted to clone a batch of VCNs.

**Compliance and savings**

**Problem:** A lack of control over card spend saw huge spikes in room costs. Rotating crews and subcontractors regularly charged extra food and drinks to their rooms—breaking travel policies and exceeding budgets.

**Solution:** Virtual cards allowed the company to dictate what travelers could (and could not) pay for.

**Result:** The company limited hotel charges to approved items only. This helped travelers stay in policy and saved the company money.

**Easier reconciliation**

**Problem:** A drawn-out card statement—covering multiple stays—slowed down the reconciliation process. Ploughing through booking, payment and invoice records cost the company more in labor, too—they needed four full-time staff members to reconcile transactions.

**Solution:** Each VCN transaction offered a unique ID, making it easier to identify and track a transaction's lifespan.

**Result:** Reporting became simpler: the company went from a dedicated team to just one person needing half a day each week to reconcile payments.